

# SCOTLAND





# GLASGOW



**PARTICK**



I'VE JUST INVENTED A MACHINE  
THAT DOES THE WORK OF TWO MEN.  
UNFORTUNATELY,  
IT TAKES THREE MEN TO WORK IT



SPIKE MILLIGAN



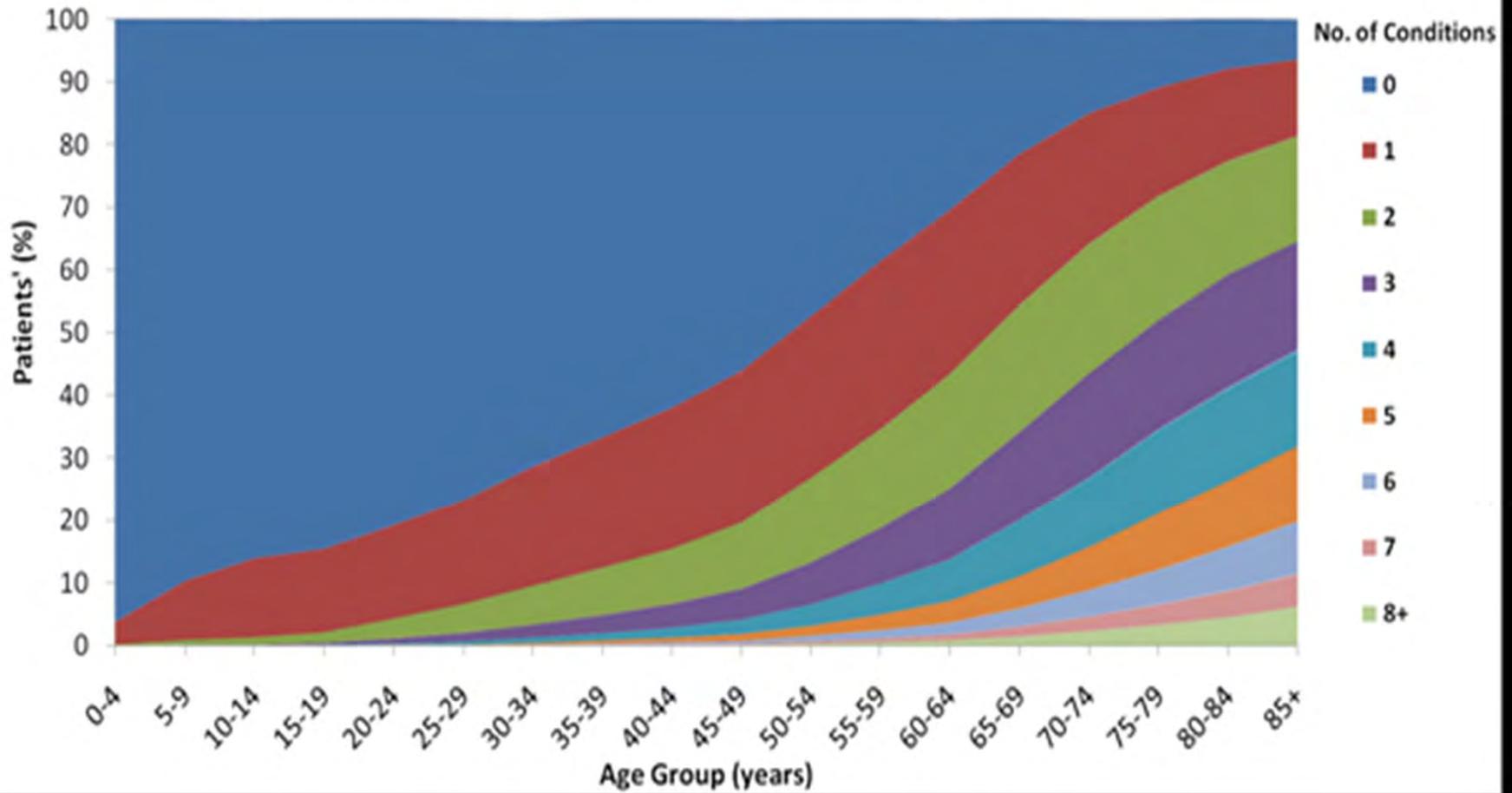


The epidemiology of multimorbidity in a large cross-sectional dataset:  
implications for health care, research and medical education

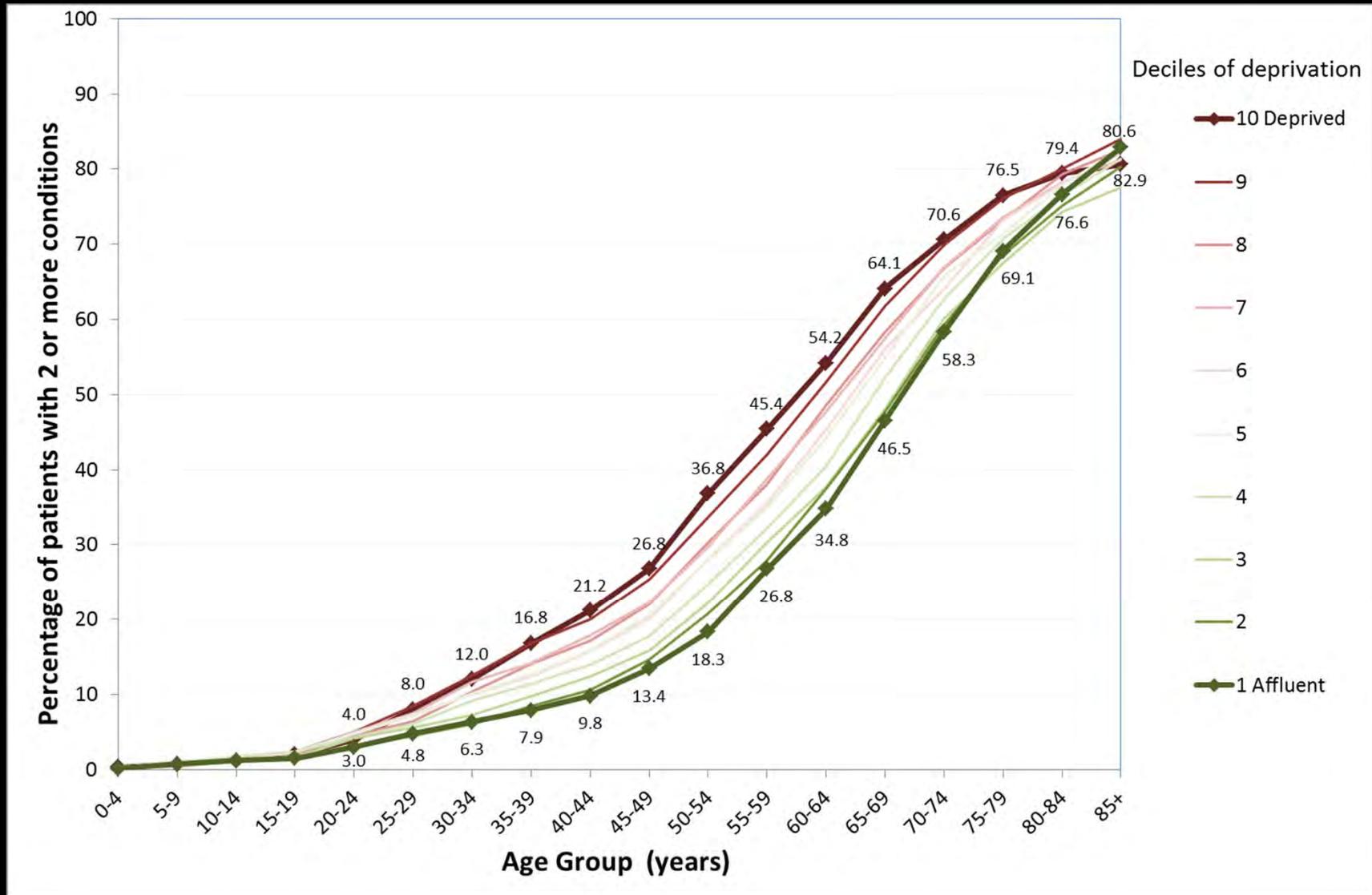
Karen Barnett, Stewart Mercer, Michael Norbury, Graham Watt  
Sally Wyke, Bruce Guthrie

LANCET 12<sup>th</sup> May 2012

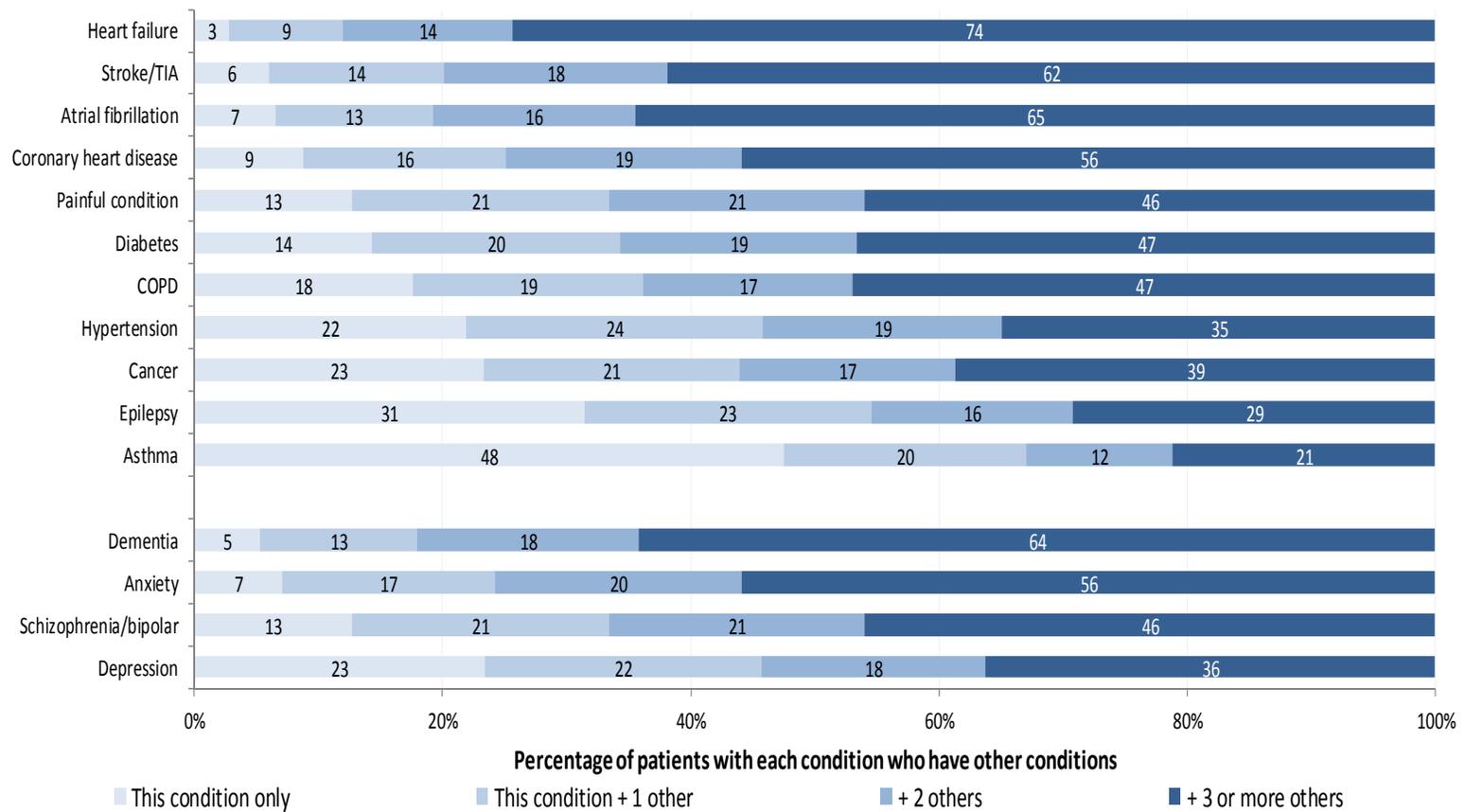
### Morbidity (number of chronic conditions) by Age Group



# SOCIAL PATTERNING OF MULTIMORBIDITY



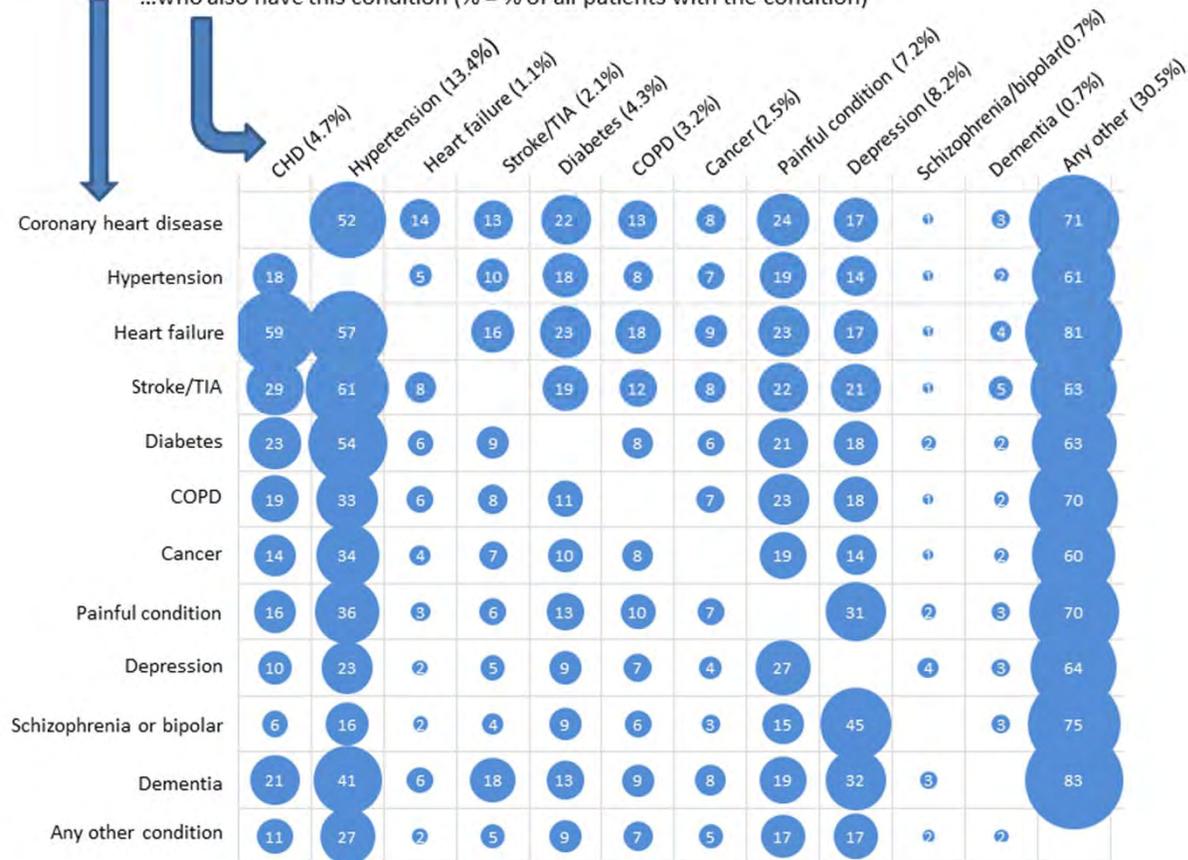
# PATIENTS WITH SINGLE CONDITIONS ARE A MINORITY



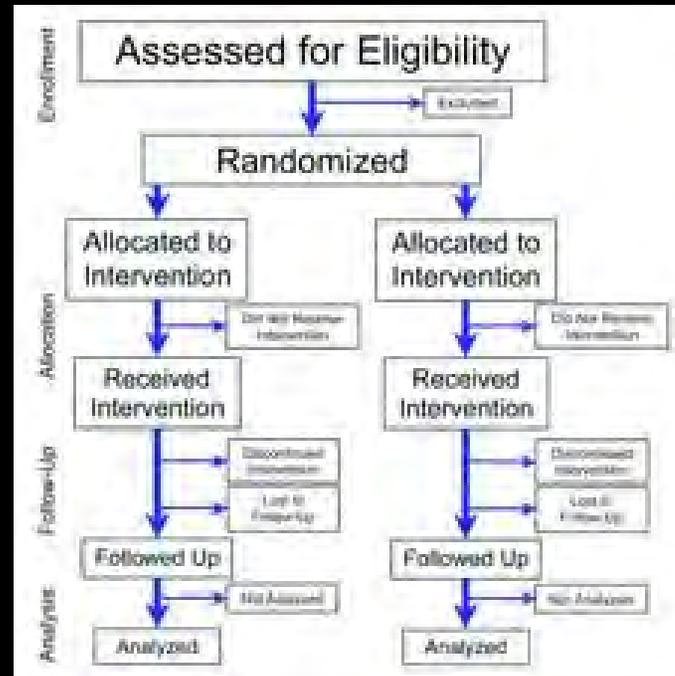
# MOST PEOPLE WITH ANY LONG TERM CONDITION HAVE MULTIPLE CONDITIONS IN SCOTLAND

% of patients with this condition...

...who also have this condition (% = % of all patients with the condition)



# RANDOMISED CONTROLLED TRIALS



**A SYSTEMATIC SOURCE OF BIAS**

Patients and caregivers are often put under enormous demands by health care systems

Frances Mair, Carl May

Thinking about the burden of treatment

BMJ 2014;349:g6680 doi: [10.1136/bmj.g6680](https://doi.org/10.1136/bmj.g6680) (10<sup>th</sup> November 2014)



HEALTH CARE AS A PINBALL MACHINE

## EXHIBIT ES-1. OVERALL RANKING

### COUNTRY RANKINGS

Top 2*
Middle
Bottom 2*

											
	AUS	CAN	FRA	GER	NETH	NZ	NOR	SWE	SWIZ	UK	US
<b>OVERALL RANKING (2013)</b>	4	10	9	5	5	7	7	3	2	1	11
<b>Quality Care</b>	2	9	8	7	5	4	11	10	3	1	5
Effective Care	4	7	9	6	5	2	11	10	8	1	3
Safe Care	3	10	2	6	7	9	11	5	4	1	7
Coordinated Care	4	8	9	10	5	2	7	11	3	1	6
Patient-Centered Care	5	8	10	7	3	6	11	9	2	1	4
<b>Access</b>	8	9	11	2	4	7	6	4	2	1	9
Cost-Related Problem	9	5	10	4	8	6	3	1	7	1	11
Timeliness of Care	6	11	10	4	2	7	8	9	1	3	5
<b>Efficiency</b>	4	10	8	9	7	3	4	2	6	1	11
<b>Equity</b>	5	9	7	4	8	10	6	1	2	2	11
<b>Healthy Lives</b>	4	8	1	7	5	9	6	2	3	10	11
<b>Health Expenditures/Capita, 2011**</b>	\$3,800	\$4,522	\$4,118	\$4,495	\$5,099	\$3,182	\$5,669	\$3,925	\$5,643	\$3,405	\$8,508

Notes: \* Includes lies. \*\* Expenditures shown in \$US PPP (purchasing power parity); Australian \$ data are from 2010.

Source: Calculated by The Commonwealth Fund based on 2011 International Health Policy Survey of Sicker Adults; 2012 International Health Policy Survey of Primary Care Physicians; 2013 International Health Policy Survey; Commonwealth Fund *National Scorecard 2011*; World Health Organization; and Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, *OECD Health Data, 2013* (Paris: OECD, Nov. 2013).



**GATEKEEPING**

87 : 13

86 : 14

85 : 15

84 : 16

# Applying the CARE measure and Patient Enablement Instrument (PEI) after general practice consultations

YOU CAN GET EMPATHY WITHOUT ENABLEMENT

BUT YOU NEVER GET ENABLEMENT WITHOUT EMPATHY

Mercer SW Jani BD Maxwell M Wong SYS Watt GCM

Patient enablement requires physician empathy:

a cross-sectional study of general practice consultations

in areas of high and low socio-economic deprivation in Scotland

BMC Family Practice 2012, 13:6



# *SERIAL ENCOUNTERS*

# *BRIEF ENCOUNTERS*



**WHO NEEDS INTEGRATED CARE ?**

**POTENTIALLY ANYONE BUT MOSTLY**

**THE 15% OF PATIENTS**

**WHO ACCOUNT FOR 50% OF NHS WORKLOAD**

## A MINORITY OF PATIENTS GENERATE LOTS OF ACTIVITY

10% of patients with 4 or more conditions accounted for

34% of patients with unplanned admissions to hospital and

47% of patients with potentially preventable unplanned admissions.

Payne R, Abel G, Guthrie B, Mercer SW.

The impact of physical multimorbidity, mental health conditions and socioeconomic deprivation on unplanned admissions to hospital: a retrospective cohort study.

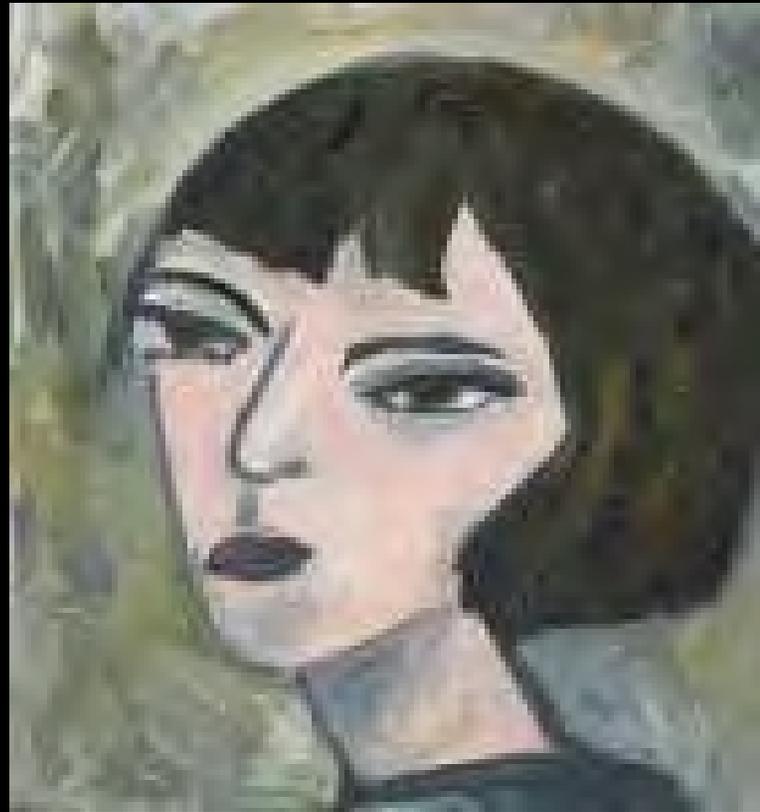
CMAJ 185 (e-publication ahead of print): E221-E228, 2013, doi:10.1503/cmaj.121349

# *SCHEHEREZADE*



*TELLING 1001 TALES*

HOW  
COULD  
THEY  
TELL ?



Dorothy Parker

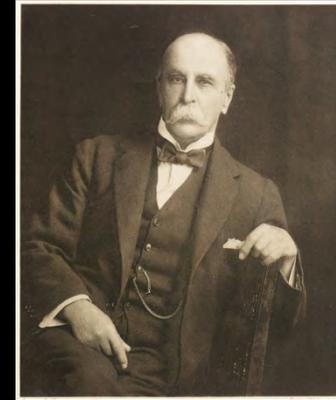
# BRINGING IT ALL TOGETHER- ARLENE

- 68 yr old wife, mother, grandmother X3
- About 5 yrs ago, started feeling unwell
- Saw several docs, "borderline diabetes", BP "a little high"; prescribed meds, told to "exercise & lose weight"
- Couldn't make follow up appts, fill rx's
- Continued poor control over 5 yrs
- Admitted to ED with acute MI...

... story totally unlikely, or all too familiar?



Listen to the patient  
He is telling you the diagnosis



SIR WILLIAM OSLER



Listen to the patient  
She is telling you her treatment goals

PROFESSOR JAN DE MAESENEER

# MEASURING OMISSION

## THE RULE OF HALVES

50% were diagnosed

50% were treated

50% were controlled

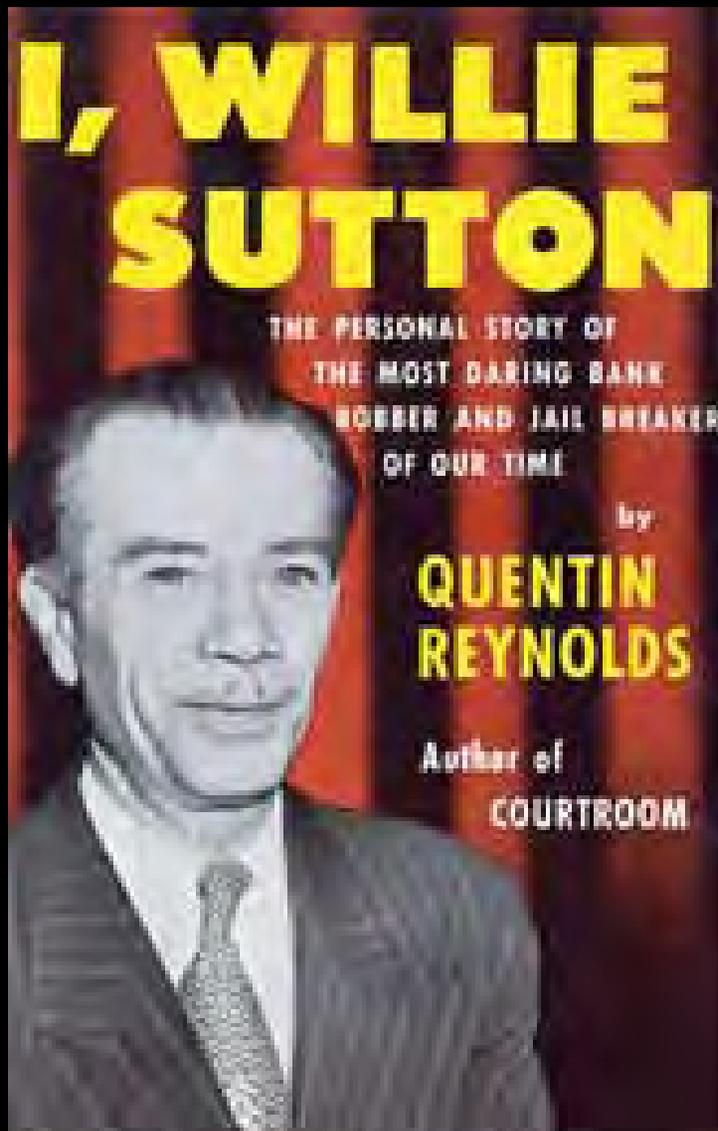
i.e. 12% get best care

## THE IMPORTANCE OF GOOD INFORMATION





# A COUNTRY DOCTOR



**QUESTION**

**WHY DO YOU ROB BANKS ?**

**ANSWER**

**BECAUSE THAT'S WHERE THE MONEY IS**

**WILLIE SUTTON**

## INTRINSIC FEATURES OF GENERAL PRACTICE

Contact

Coverage

Continuity

Coordination

Flexibility

Relationships

Trust





# INVENTING THE WHEEL

# LINKS

## HUB

Contact  
Coverage  
Continuity  
Comprehensive  
Coordinated  
Flexibility  
Relationships  
Trust  
Leadership



## SPOKES + RIMS

Keep Well  
Child Health  
Elderly  
Mental Health  
Addictions  
Community Care  
Secondary Care  
Voluntary sector  
Local Communities

**INTEGRATED CARE DEPENDS ON MULTIPLE RELATIONSHIPS**

# PRIMARY CARE AS A WAGON TRAIN





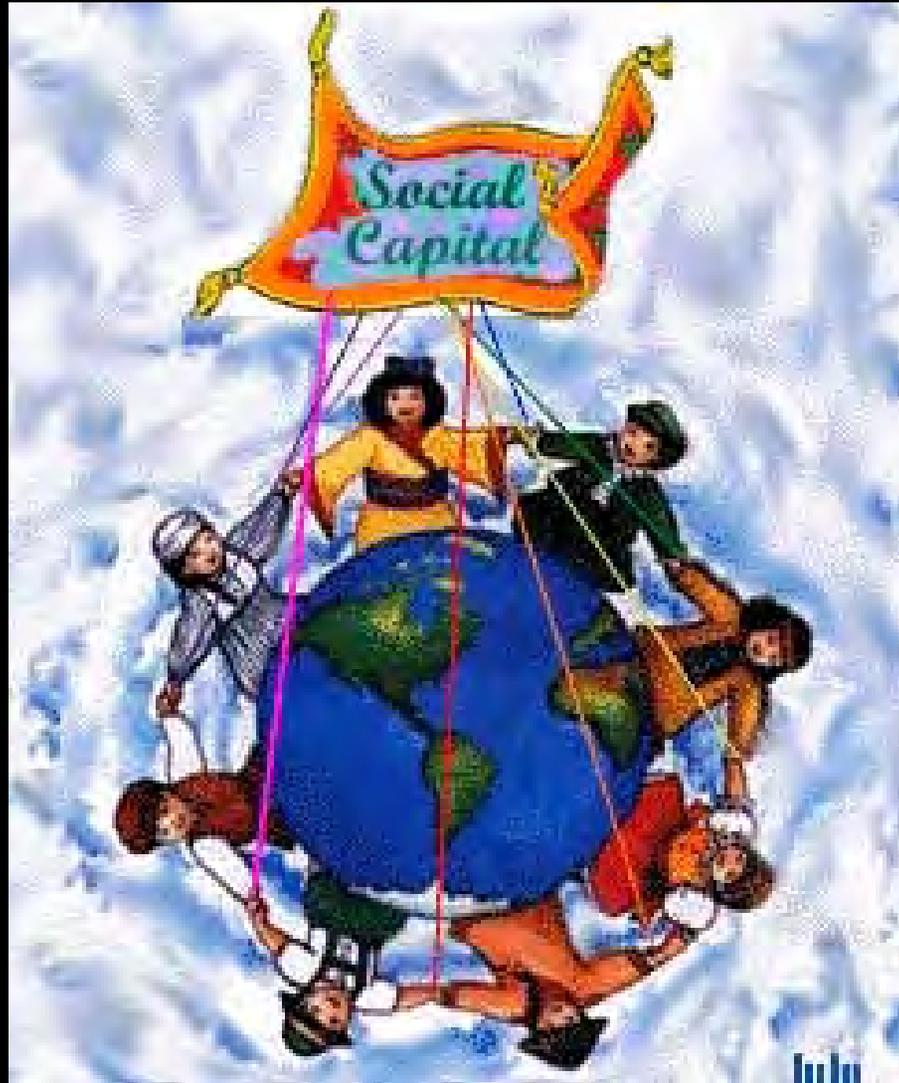
Health practitioners need to ask  
not only "What do I do?"  
but also "What am I part of?"

Don Berwick  
Head of US Medicare and Medicaid

# BUILDING SOCIAL CAPITAL

RESOURCE  
POOR

PEOPLE  
RICH



RESOURCE  
RICH

PEOPLE  
POOR

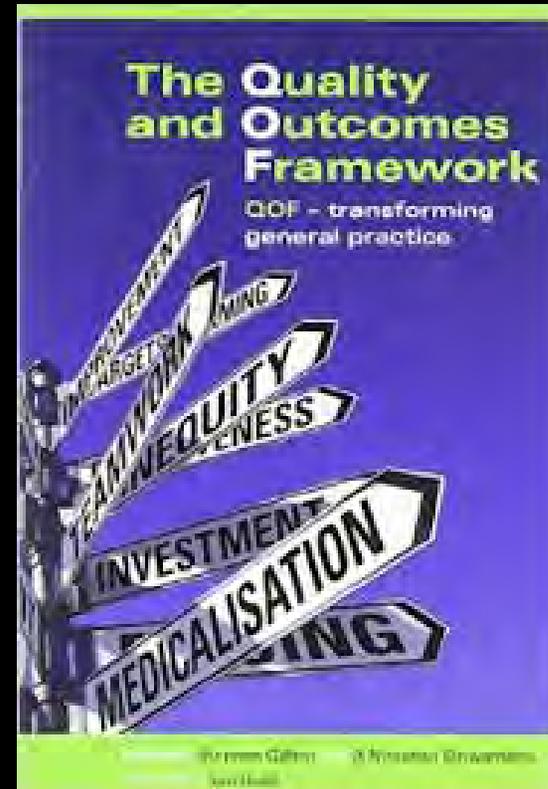


**COVERAGE**

# QOF

50-60 clinical targets

Requiring high population coverage



# Doctors warn austerity is 'damaging patients' health

## Large city hospitals 'are hubs for MRSA'

HOSPITALS in large cities act as "breeding grounds" for the superbug MRSA, which then spreads to smaller regional hospitals and health centres, according to a new study.

Researchers from Edinburgh University found evidence that shows for the first time how the superbug spreads between different hospitals throughout the country.

The study involved looking at the genetic make-up of more than 80 variants of a major clone of MRSA found in hospitals.

Scientists were able to determine the entire genetic code of MRSA bacteria taken from infected patients.

They then identified mutations in the bug that led to the emergence of new MRSA variants and traced their spread around the country.

Dr Ross Fitzgerald, of The Roslin Institute at Edinburgh University, who led the study, said: "We found that variants of MRSA circulating in regional hospitals probably originated in large city hospitals.

"The high levels of patient traffic in large hospitals means they act as a hub for transmission between patients, who may then be transferred or treated in regional hospitals."

## E.ON to freeze its prices

ENERGY giant E.ON reassured its five million customers after it pledged to keep residential energy

## GPs in deprived areas see sharp rise in social issues

STEPHEN NAYSMITH  
SOCIETY EDITOR

GPs working in the most deprived communities in Scotland have warned of increasing levels of mental and physical health problems among patients affected by austerity.

The Deep End group of GPs, representing 360 doctors in 100 practices, said job losses, welfare reform and cuts to social services were all affecting the health of their patients.

The 100 Deep End group of general practices that serves the most socio-economically deprived areas of the country was set up in 2009. It is backed financially by the Scottish Government.

In a new report, the group says austerity measures are causing increased distress and poverty among their patients, and an increased workload for family doctors.

The GPs add that the growing impact of benefit cuts mean much of their time is taken up with social issues rather than patients' underlying health problems.

In February, the group surveyed members to ask about their experiences of austerity. Doctors responded that patients were suffering deteriorating mental health, and also physical problems.

The report says: "GPs report less time to deal with physical problems, as these are no longer a priority for the patient."

Benefit changes were also a concern for many GPs, because they felt patients were wrongly being declared fit to work in medical tests on behalf of the

for work was particularly frustrating.

She said: "So many people who are clearly unfit for work are being assessed as capable of work after a cursory assessment.

"We see people with uncontrolled chronic conditions, who are physically quite disabled or have significant mental health problems. The system seems to maximise their distress.

"The majority appeal and the majority of them win."

The report draws attention to the impact of cuts in other public services, such as education, social work and addiction support. Dr Craig added: "The minimum pricing of alcohol is a great thing, but addiction services are falling by the wayside. Austerity measures also affect children, but social work only have the resources to get involved in the most disturbed and difficult situations."

Dr Graham Watt, professor of General Practice at Glasgow



**So many people who are clearly unfit for work are being assessed as capable of work after a cursory assessment**

University, helped compile the report. He said: "These GPs are absolutely on the front line. Many of them are frustrated that they can see all this happening but people don't know about it."

Aberdeen South MP Anne Begg chairs the work and pensions select committee at Westminster, and has written to



ON THE FRONTLINE: GPs Margaret Craig, left, and Petra Sambale are part of the Deep End group of GP practices. Picture: Colin Mearns

## Cases of concern

**Patients and doctors in the report are anonymous to protect confidentiality.**

● A doctor saw a 40-year-old woman who had been sexually abused as a child and had struggled with alcoholism. "She was found to be capable

worry that her mental health will deteriorate. Her benefits were stopped. She was diagnosed with type 2 diabetes ... instead of working with her setting goals for her diabetes I wrote a letter for an appeal and referred her to the benefit

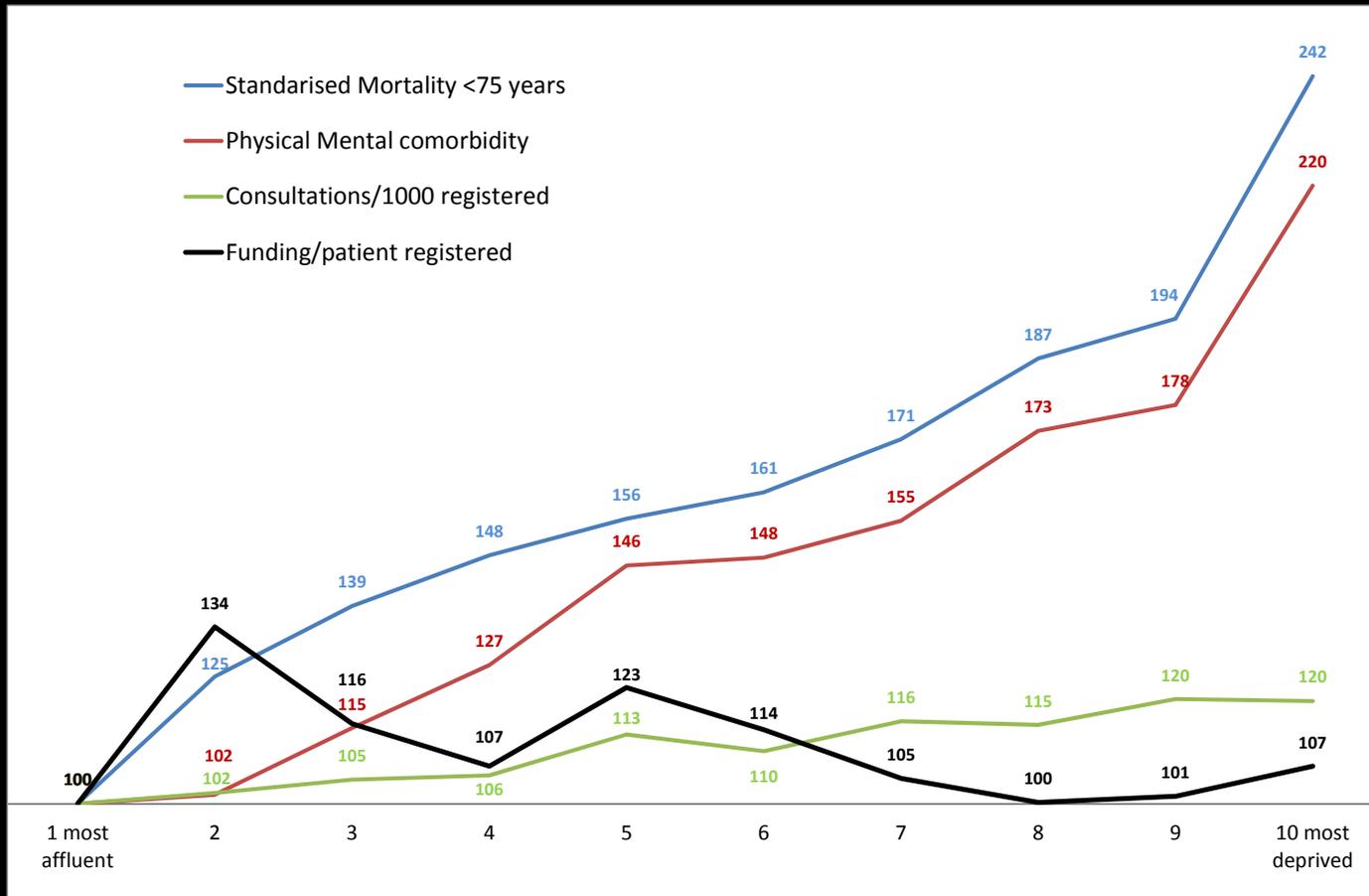
● Another reports seeing a former labourer in his early fifties who was out of work due to osteoarthritis. His disability allowance had been cut and he was unable to afford his mortgage. "This patient's mental health problems have escalated and he is being seen

psychologically cope with retraining."

● A third case reads simply: "Eastern European pregnant lady with no money or food. Living in squalor with approximately eight other adults. No money available or



# % DIFFERENCES FROM LEAST DEPRIVED DECILE FOR MORTALITY, COMORBIDITY, CONSULTATIONS AND FUNDING



**THE INVERSE CARE LAW IN SCOTLAND**

## CONSULTATIONS IN DEPRIVED AREAS

Multiple morbidity and social complexity

Shortage of time

Reduced expectations

Lower enablement (especially for mental health problems)

Health literacy

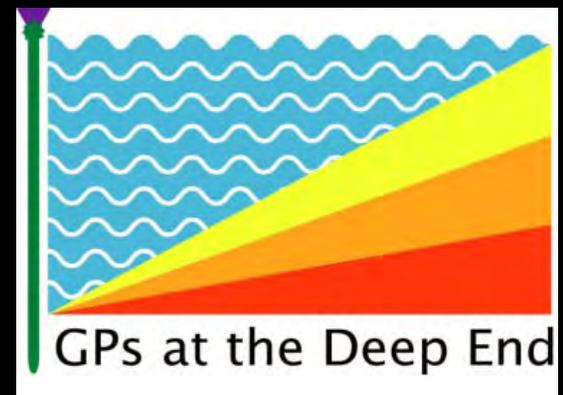
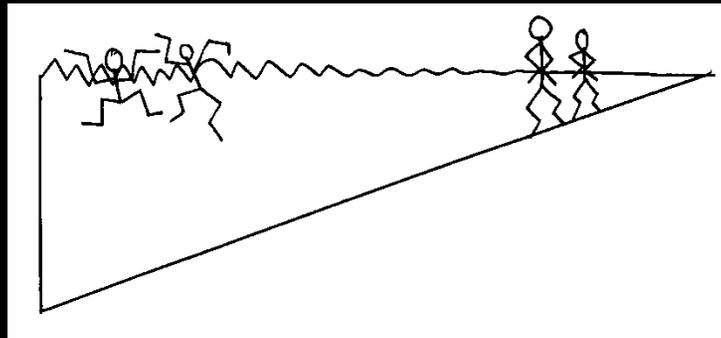
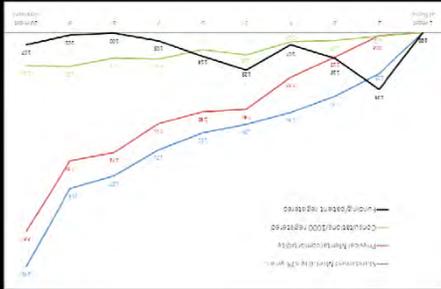
Practitioner stress

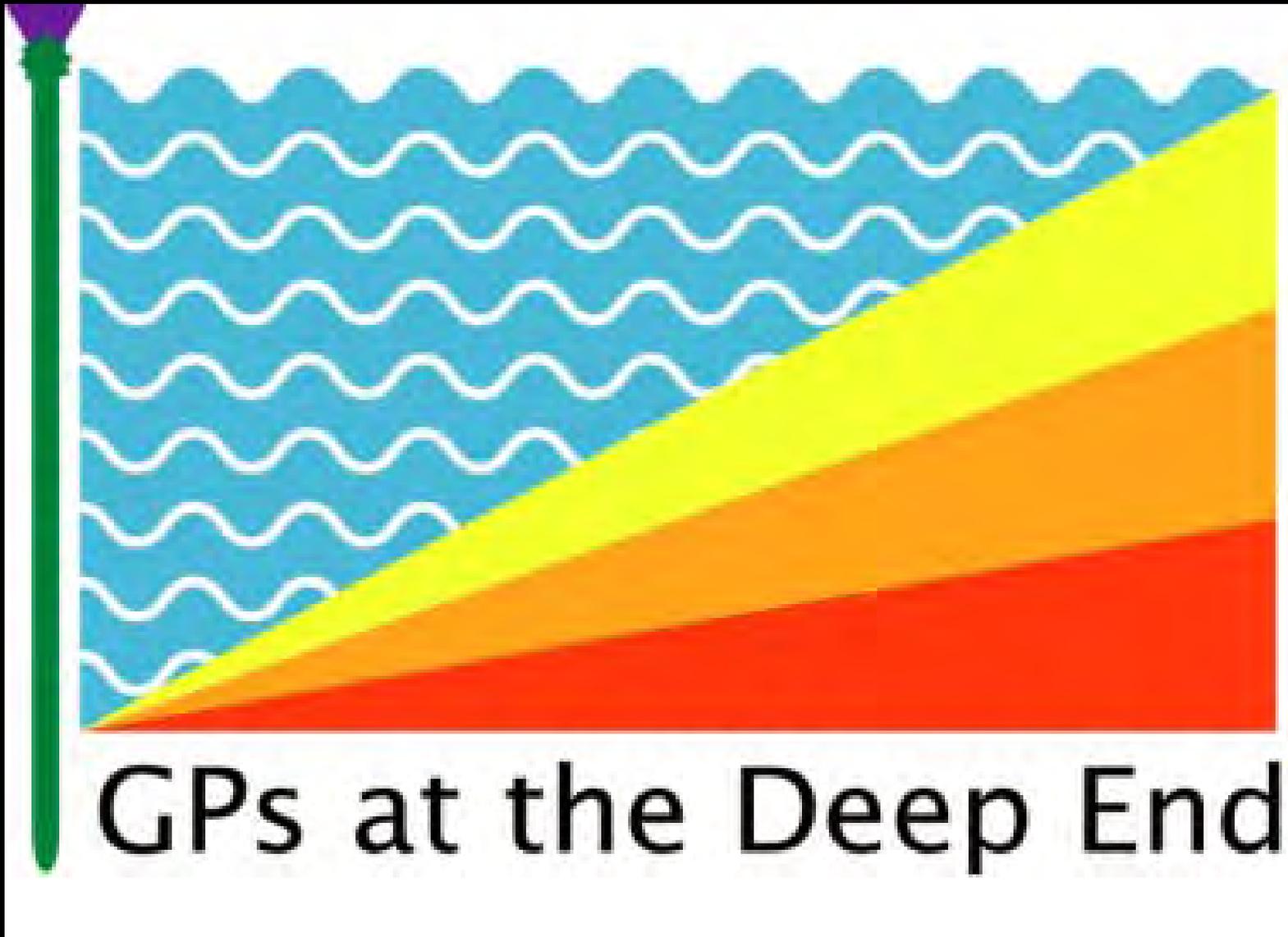
Mercer SM, Watt GCM

The inverse care law : clinical primary care encounters in deprived and affluent areas of Scotland

*Annals of Family Medicine* 2007;5:503-510

# GENERAL PRACTITIONERS AT THE DEEP END

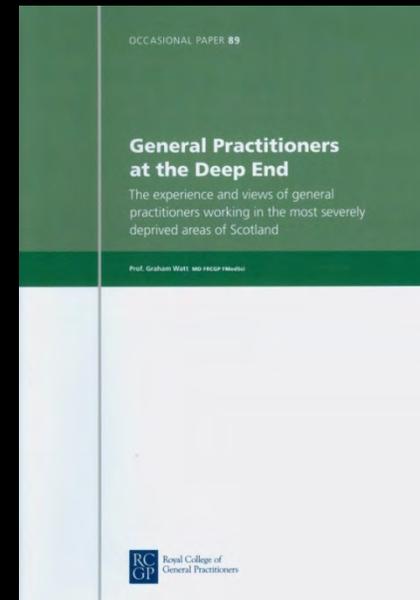
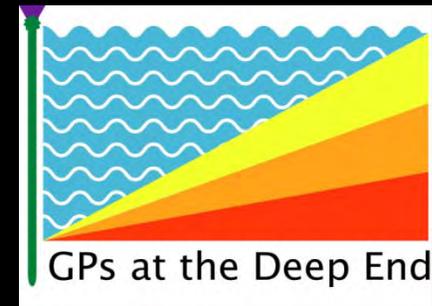




GPs at the Deep End

# DEEP END REPORTS

1. First meeting at Erskine
2. Needs, demands and resources
3. Vulnerable families
4. Keep Well and ASSIGN
5. Single-handed practice
6. Patient encounters
7. GP training
8. Social prescribing
9. Learning Journey
10. Care of the elderly
11. Alcohol problems in young adults
12. Caring for vulnerable children and families
13. The Access Toolkit : views of Deep End GPs
14. Reviewing progress in 2010 and plans for 2011
15. Palliative care in the Deep End
16. Austerity Report
17. Detecting cancer early
18. Integrated care
19. Access to specialists
20. What can NHS Scotland do to prevent and reduce health inequalities
21. GP experience of welfare reform in very deprived areas
22. Mental health issues in the Deep End
23. The contribution of general practice to improving the health of vulnerable children and families
24. What are the CPD needs of GPs working in Deep End practices?
25. Strengthening primary care partnership responses to the welfare reforms
26. Generalist and specialist views of mental health issues in very deprived areas



[www.gla.ac.uk/deepend](http://www.gla.ac.uk/deepend)

## ISSUES ESPECIALLY PREVALENT IN THE DEEP END

Mental health problems

Drugs and alcohol

Material poverty

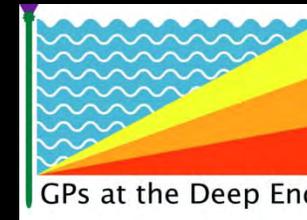
Vulnerable children and adults

Migrants, refugees and asylum seekers

Fitness to work

Sexual abuse history

Homelessness

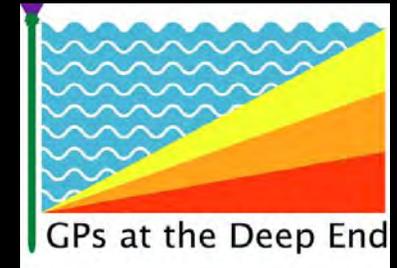


## GENERIC ISSUES

How to engage, with patients who are difficult to engage

How to deal with complexity in high volume

How to apply evidence



## SIX ESSENTIAL COMPONENTS

1. Extra TIME for consultations (INVERSE CARE LAW)
2. Best use of serial ENCOUNTERS (PATIENT STORIES)
3. General practices as the NATURAL HUBS of local health systems (LINKING WITH OTHERS)
4. Better CONNECTIONS across the front line (SHARED LEARNING)
5. Better SUPPORT for the front line (INFRASTRUCTURE)
6. LEADERSHIP at different levels (AT EVERY LEVEL)

# THE CARE PLUS STUDY



An exploratory cluster RCT  
of a primary care-based complex intervention  
for multimorbid patients living in deprived areas of Scotland

152 complex patients randomised in 8 practices  
About 60 minutes extra consultation time in a year  
90% follow up at 6 and 12 months  
Better quality of life



## Practice recruitment

Invite:95; Reply: 26 (27%); Agree: 12 (46%)

## Patient recruitment and baseline

Invite: 225; Agree and baseline data: 152 (68%)

Randomisation 4 + 4

CARE Plus = 76

Usual Care = 76

No contact: 6; left  
practice 3

Follow-up

No contact: 4; left  
practice 3

6 month = 91%

6 month = 89%

12 month = 88%

12 month = 88%

**BY POWERFUL  
PEOPLE ?**

**BY CLEVER  
PEOPLE ?**

**LEADERSHIP  
FOR INTEGRATED CARE**

**BY STREETWISE  
PEOPLE ?**

**BY THE  
PEOPLE ?**



## LEARNING BY TRIAL AND ERROR



SPOCK to KIRK : "It's not logical, captain"



**FIXING IT FOR PATIENTS  
WHO ARE FLOUNDERING  
BETWEEN DYSFUNCTIONAL,  
FRAGMENTED, SERVICES**



BUILDING **PRODUCTIVE LOCAL SYSTEMS**

CREATING **A SOCIAL REVOLUTION IN HEALTH CARE**



## **A NEW BUILDING PROGRAMME FOR INTEGRATED CARE**

**PATIENT STORIES**

**LOCAL HEALTH SYSTEMS**

**MACHINES THAT DO THE WORK OF TWO MEN**

